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NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONS

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Question 16 (2024-02-27)

Hon. Shekupakela (RDP) asked the Minister of Higher Education, Technology and Innovation:

Honorable Members, education has never been described as being for the rich or poor, therefore no one should be limited to access education on the basis of their social strata.

Since the introduction of Namibia Students Financial Assistance Fund (NASFAF), the country has seen a mass of students who were declined financial assistance on the basis of the salary brackets of their parents. Some of these students have to drop out of the institutions of high learning due to heavy financial obligations in terms of tuition fees, accommodation, transport, meals and general keep up. This is so because these parents even with a combined or single salary around N\$500 000.00 are paying even for 3 students or more at a tertiary institution.

The assumption that these parents can afford is farfetched as they have many children to look after especially at the tertiary level. There might be other factors, for example these parents are not staying together and the other party might not really take full responsibility. As a result, this arrangement can lead to uncontrollable debts that can be emotionally draining for both parents and students.

Honorable Minister of Higher Education is there no way that this clause in the NASFAF policy can be re-visited so that at least these parents can get a relief when child number two, three and so on are joining the tertiary institutions?

Question 17 (2024-02-27)

Hon. Kauandenge (NUDO) asked the Minister Gender Equality, Poverty Eradication and Social Welfare:

Hon. Minister, your Ministry is one cf those critical ones in the fight against poverty eradication in our country. Namibians were shaken to the core late last year in June 2023 when we received the news that over 16 members of the same family have died because of food poisoning in the Kavango East Region.

Today various media outlets are reporting that two more kids have died in the same region again, while 8 others are admitted in ithe Rundu State hospital because of food poisoning, God forbids that we don't hear that the remaining 8 will die at all.

Let us not forget that last year when I questioned the level of poverty in the two Kavango Regions some Ministers and Deputy Ministers who are born and bred in those two regions were trying to literally kill me, when I stated as a matter of fact that "Poverty is rampant in the two Kavango Regions" Which to me remains the up solute, unfiltered, impure and native truth till this day.

Hon. Minister it is worth noting that there are two schools of thoughts when it comes to the issue of food poisoning. One is that this can occur when someone eat leftover food and fungi/where bacteria grows in the food. If left over food is taken it causes diarrhea, vomiting, abdominal pain, which lead to dehydration and electrolyte imbalance and can result in death.

The other school of thought is that the food or maize meal is expired and not fit for human consumption, however hunger drove them to eat it anyway because they are starving, as a result germs or other harmful things are found in those maize meals.

My question then will be.

1. Hon Minister what has happened to the laboratory test carried out since last year to determine the cause of death of those 16 family members who died of food poisoning? When will this report be made public for us to know what has happened and why this 16 family members died?

The deafening silence from your Ministry to release that report is sickening, it is an act of concealment, but the immediate families of the deceased and by extension Namibia at large needs to know which of the two schools of thoughts is real. It is high time that this report be made public for the sake of the departed souls to eventually rest in peace.

- 2. In terms of your Mandate as a Minister, have you undertaken familiarization visits to the said two Kavango Regions to ascertain, what the underlining reasons are of why some residents there eat expired food?
- 3. Subsequent to the death of the 16 family members last year, what mitigating measures have your Ministry put in place to prevent another catastrophic event like that one in the future?
- 4. Are you aware of the recent death of two children in the Kavango East Region who equally died of food poisoning? And will you wait until others equally die of the same before intervening?
- 5. Are you using the money allocated to you Ministry effectively in as far as addressing the root causes of poverty in the two regions are concerned, food distributed to those most vulnerable people in the two regions, if yes where and can you provide statistics of how this food is distributed?
- 6 Will you agree with me that the level of proverty in the two Kavango regions is out of proportions, compare to other parts of the country and need drastic intervention from your Ministry?

7. Finally, how do you sleep at night Hon Minister knowing that there are Namibians dying every year because of hunger, while there is no excuse whatsoever on this rich prone Namibia for such to happen, if only this Government priorities were right coupled with humility and duty of care towards its citizens, irrespective of tribe, social status or political affiliations?

Question 19 (2024-03-05)

Hon. Murorua (UDF) asked the Minister of Finance and Public Enterprises:

What has the Parliament done wrong or omitted to do, that Namibia has now been greylisted after Parliament has very hastily passed thirteen (13) Amendment Bills as per your advice to avoid the greylisting of Namibia by the Financial Action Task Force.

Furthermore, you announced that Namibia did not manage to address 13 of the recommended actions outlined in the mutual evaluation report of FATF.

- 1. I would also want you to inform this August House on the detailed content of these 13 recommended actions that we could apparently not manage to address.
- 2. I would like you to also appraise this August House as to what the agreed timeframe is, into which the remaining 13 deficiencies has to be addressed as per the requirement of FATF.
- 3. How does the greylisting affect the cross board transactions trade for daily food supplies, automobile parts, pharmaceutical drugs, electricity supplies and electronic connectivity via the socalled "unrecognized" servers between Namibia and South Africa after the greylisting of Namibia?
- 4. How is the greylisting of Namibia going to affect the oil and gas developments which were so hopeful for this financial year for Namibia as a country?
- 5. What impact is the greylisting of Namibia going to have on the envisaged Africa Hydrogen Summit which is planned to take place in Namibia?
- 6. In conclusion, I would like you to appraise this August House, when after the said deficiencies has been addressed shall the greylisting of Namibia be lifted?

Question 24 (2024-03-12)

Hon. Murorua (UDF) asked the Minister of Urban and Rural Development:

It has been reported in the news recently that the Municipality of the City of Windhoek is financially in serious dire straits.

However the very same City Council is contracting a company KeyPlot Investment to manage the parking in the CBD of Windhoek and is paying them N\$1 022 500-00 per month as per the contract between them.

1. How much does the City Council of Windhoek really receive from the parking payments that it justifies a monthly payment of N\$1 022 500-00 to KeyPlot

Investments and what is the profit that the City Council of Windhoek is making on a monthly basis from the parking payments done by KeyPlot Investment?

- 2. What is the duration of the contract between the City Council of Windhoek and KeyPlot Investment?
- 3. There are people who are employed by the City Council and were tasked to collect money from the parking meters which has now been removed, would the Minister appraise us as to what productive use those people has been deployed to or whether they have been laid-off and how many they are.
- 4. Normally there were also gentlemen on the streets in the CBD who were assisting the public with parking and car-watching, is there a clause in the contract with KPI to employ those people seeing that they were already taking the initiative to assist vehicle owners with parking in the CBD and thus create employment for themselves to support their families, but now those old/ previous car watchers are having no income at all.

Question 28 (2024-03-27)

Hon. Shekupakela (RDP) asked the Minister of Agriculture, Water and Land Reform:

I rise today with an urgent and grave concern regarding the humanitarian crisis unfolding before us. It is a crisis that demands our immediate attention and decisive action from the Ministry of Agriculture, Water and Land Reform. I speak of our people who are currently stranded in the corridors of various farms, waiting for resettlement.

The reports we receive paint a distressing picture of this crisis. Families are struggling to feed themselves and their animals, with limited access to food and water. The consequences are dire, with animals dying and our citizens facing the harsh reality of starvation. This is a crisis of immense proportions, and the suffering of our fellow Namibians cannot be overstated.

While I acknowledge the recent approval of the revised National Resettlement Policy, which aims to prioritize underprivileged communities and generational farmworkers, I must emphasize the urgency of the situation at hand. The plight of these individuals and families cannot wait for bureaucratic processes or delayed interventions. Immediate action is needed to address this crisis and provide relief to those who are suffering.

Hence the questions:

- 1 How does the Ministry plan to expedite the resettlement process to alleviate the suffering of those stranded in corridors, given the urgency of their situation?
- 2 What specific support packages and immediate interventions will the Ministry provide to address the pressing needs of these vulnerable communities, including access to food, water, and essential resources?
- 3 What strategies are in place to bridge the identified gaps in the current resettlement program, such as limited access to capital, insufficient training, water scarcity, and challenges in obtaining loans from commercial banks?

- 4 Could the Ministry elaborate on the implementation strategies outlined in the new resettlement policy, particularly regarding the allocation of farms, land tenure security, and the promotion of productivity on resettlement farms?
- 5 I urge the Ministry to address reported concerns regarding corruption within resettlement committees, as raised by stakeholders. What measures are being taken to ensure transparency and accountability in the resettlement process?

Question 37 (2024-04-16)

Hon. McHenry Vanaani (PDM) asked the Minister of Home Affairs, Immigration, Safety and Security:

It is widely circulated that the Namibian Police has completed and inaugurated the construction of the Onhuno police checkpoint for N\$8,3 million in Ohangwena region. Further, the Police spokesperson held that the structure was constructed within two months by August 26 Construction.

- 1. Can you provide a detailed breakdown of all the costs associated with the construction of the police checkpoint?
- 2. Has your office investigated how the current structure cost N\$ 8,3 million? If not, why has your office not conducted an investigation into what appears to be a waste of taxpayer funds?
- 3. Why was such an important and monumental structure hastily constructed without consideration for quality and sophistication?
- 4. May you specify the technical team of Engineers? Architects and Surveyors who designed this project?

Question 38 (2024-04-24)

Hon. Mootu (LPM) asked the Minister of Environment, Forestry and Tourism:

The SME business owners of that sector have been complaining about the approach as it alienates their tour operations that have been conducted for years. The Sandwhich Harbour is one of the unfortunate protected areas that are being made into a concession and being put up for tender bids. This is detrimental to the community and affects the 60 tour operators that have been conducting tour operations in that area. If Sandwich Harbour has to be made into a concession and is bidded for a tender, costs of permits may go up as the tender stipulates that exclusive rights will be given to the one who wins the tender to decide on the costs of permits etc.

The policy on tourism and wildlife and land concession of 2007 states that the State can turn protected areas into a concession and bid it for a tender to maximize State revenue, however tour operators and their clients contribute a minimum of 20 million Namibian dollars to the State coffers, hence we argue that this is the government commodification of a protected area to the betterment of a handful of individuals.

Article 23(2) states, "Nothing contained in Article 10 hereof shall prevent Parliament from enacting legislation providing directly or indirectly for the advancement of persons within Namibia who have been socially, economically or educationally disadvantaged by past discriminatory laws or practices, or for the implementation of policies and programs aimed at redressing social, economic or educational imbalances in the Namibian society arising out of past discriminatory laws or practices, or for achieving a balanced structuring of the public service, the police force, the Defence force, and the prison service."

Questions:

- 1. Concessions are made to primarily benefit the grassroots economy, however when it is accorded through tender bids, it benefits an individual. What is more impactful? Is it when the concession is given as a tender or to the communities?
- 2. Five German nationals accorded exclusive rights to operate on the Dune Belt and no other tour operators are allowed to operate there, how is that possible for five individuals to get exclusive rights to operate on the Dune Belt and exclude other tour operators on these basis?
- 3. Is it the government's intention to give all concessions as tender bids?
- 4. What are the measures that the government has put in place to make sure that the grassroot's economy benefits from these tender concessions given that the tender application for Sandwich Harbour stipulates that exclusive rights will be given to the tenderpreneur?

Question 39 (2024-06-04)

Hon. Kauandenge (NUDO) asked the Right Hon. Prime Minister:

We are all aware that there is a Constitutional provision that gives power to the President of Namibia to appoint the Delimitation Commission.

The Commission is tasked with evaluating the existing boundaries of regions and constituencies in Namibia, with the aim of determining whether any adjustments are necessary or beneficial.

It is an important body that must be given able time and resources to carry out this enormous mandate every 10 years.

I thus ask:

- 1. We are aware that the current three members' Commission was appointed on 4 April 2024 by President Nangolo Mbumba and given a time frame of only 3 months to complete this task. Was this time in your opinion sufficient time for the Commission considering the length of Namibia and the complexity of the task at hand? Equally, why was there a delay in appointing this Commission?
- 2. The Commission have sent out invitations to the various stakeholders in the various Regions for consultations, however nor did they list or invite political parties to bring their inputs as well, why is this the case, considering that the

Commission itself is appointed along political lines with the aim of influencing the demarcations of this boundaries to the benefit of the Swapo party anyway?

Because judging from the previous Delimitation Commission report, there were Regions and Constituencies demarcated in such a way that it really did not make any administrative or logical sense, safe to say it was done for political reasons that have no basis for common sense.

Question 40 (2024-06-04)

Hon. Iipumbu (NEFF) asked the Minister of Labour, Industrial Relations and Employment Creation:

- 1. We have become aware that Cabinet has endorsed a National Minimum Wage of N\$18/hour for the lowest paid workers in Namibia. Can you explain to this House why this National Minimum Wage must come into effect only next year and not now?
- 2. How effective will this National Minimum Wage be next year seeing that our people are struggling with a general rise in the price of basic commodities like food and fuel? How will this National Minimum Wage help them when clearly by next year prices of goods and services would have sky rocketed already?
- 3. Can you explain to this House why domestic and farm workers have been made to only enjoy a National Minimum Wage of N\$18/hour only in 2027 and not this year?
- 4. Can you explain yourself on the timing of this Cabinet decision given that it is coming at a time when our people are supposed to go for an election in November. Can you explain yourself where we strongly feel that this is a politically motivated decision meant to canvass votes for the ruling party?
- 5. How sincere is the Cabinet in which you save when decisions of this nature have been delayed for so many years, only to be endorsed in an election year?

Question 41 (2024-06-04)

Hon. Iipumbu (NEFF) asked the Minister of Agriculture, Water and Land Rerform:

- 1. We understand that a few weeks ago, President Nangolo Mbumba declared a state of emergency over the drought affecting this great nation. What does this state of emergency imply for the farmers in both commercial and communal areas?
- 2. What are the key measurements of the success of government that will advise that the state of emergency has attained its desired impact and effects?
- 3. Honourable Minister, you yourself have advised our people against cooking with firewood. Do you realize that this is the sole dependable source of fuel for the majority of our people in rural areas and if they should stop using firewood, which other cheaper option do you think is available for them?

- 4. How do you address concerns that your views are coming from a position of privilege since you come from a community of predominantly successful and economically empowered people?
- 5. Finally Honourable Minister, can you advise this House on what kind of research you have carried out, based on what premise, that has made you to conclude that firewood cooking is causing negative health impacts in 170 million households when a majority of our people who are currently healthy are using firewood? We all come from rural areas, we all used firewood, yet here we are, as healthy as you who grew up using an electric stove.
- 6. Honourable Minister, how do you respond to the majority of our people that your statements were ill-informed, reckless and of little use to Namibia's pressing realities?

Question 42 (2024-06-04)

Hon. Dienda (PDM) asked the Minister of Education, Arts and Culture:

Parents of learners who wrote Grade 11 examinations in 2023 at Savo Nuts Private School in Oshikango, Ohangwena Region, are deeply concerned about the withholding of their children's results due to detected irregularities among 27 learners. Following an investigation by the Ministry of Education officials, a decision was made to withhold the results of learners whose answers showed similarities, leading to significant distress among parents and students.

I thus wish to ask the Honourable Minister the following questions:

- 1. What is the current status of the learners whose results are currently withheld?
- 2. Will these children be allowed to continue with their education?
- 3. Will the learners be allowed to repeat their education at the school in question since the matter of deregistering the school is currently in court?
- 4. According to an online article by the Namibian Broadcasting Corporation, the results of the suspected learners were nullified, and the suspected learners were banned from writing Grade 11 exams in 2024 as a punishment for the alleged malpractice. How will the Ministry ensure there is no discrimination towards these learners when they seek education opportunities at other schools considering the fact that they have already been punished for their conduct?

Question 43 (2024-06-04)

Hon. Mike Venaani (PDM) asked the Minister of Urban and Rural Development:

The conditions of many roads in Namibian towns is a major concern for many road users. Roads with potholes and gravel roads continue to damage vehicles and even cause car accidents, which results in injuries and fatalities. The provision of services such as the maintenance and upgrading of road infrastructure by municipalities and town councils should be a priority. However, many towns in Namibia suffer the effects of poor road conditions. I therefore wish to ask the Honourable Minister the following:

- 1. How satisfied is your Ministry regarding the service delivery at various town councils and municipalities in Namibia?
- 2. What are the conversations and plans with local authorities regarding the maintenance and upgrading of road infrastructure in different towns in Namibia?
- 3. What is the funding formula in ensuring that local authorities have the necessary financial power in maintaining and upgrading road infrastructure?

Question 44 (2024-06-04)

Hon. Vries (PDM) asked the Right Honourable Prime Minister:

The President, His Excellency, Dr. Nangolo Mbumba has declared the current severe drought a State of Emergency, effective from 22 May 2024. He further called on the private sector, development partners and the international community to assist the government with additional resources to fully implement the drought relief program and to protect lives and livelihoods. This drought poses a significant threat to the livelihoods of the affected households, necessitating relief interventions to mitigate its adverse effects.

I therefore wish to ask the Right Honourable Prime Minister the following:

- 1. What urgent interventions has government implemented so far since the announcement of the State of Emergency?
- 2. Share with us the current needs assessment regarding the current drought situation?
- 3. What are the shortcomings of the current Drought Relief Programme and how are these shortcomings being addressed?
- 4. How many households per region are in need of the drought relief assistance?
- 5. The food (maize meal) received by the beneficiaries is in many cases rotten or filled with worms which makes it not consumable. How will the government ensure that the drought relief food is not stored for too long and distributed to the beneficiaries as a matter of urgency?
- 6. What will government's funding formula be to successfully remedy the current drought situation?

Question 45 (2024-06-05)

Hon. Hengari (PDM) asked the Minister of Higher Education, Technology and Innovation:

The Pro-Vice Chancellor for Finance, Administration and Resource Mobilization at the University of Namibia addressed a Memo dated 22nd of April 2024 to campus Directors,

Executive Deans and Associate Deans in which a number of directives were given, to deal with the "encroachment of political activities" on campus and within UNAM Faculties. The PVC further directs that "proactive measures be taken to ensure that facilities and venues are not utilized for political campaigns, recruitments. or activities."

As an elected member of this House, I am not only familiar with, but also duty-bound to uphold Article 21 of the Namibian Constitution, which holds the following as Fundamental Freedoms;

That

(1) All persons shall have the right to: (a) freedom of speech and expression, which shall include freedom of the press and other media; (b) freedom of thought, conscience and belief, which shall include academic freedom in institutions of higher learning: (c) freedom to practise any religion and to manifest such practice; (d) assemble peaceably and without arms; (e) freedom of association, which shall include freedom to form and join associations or unions, including trade unions and political parties;

As a former student and Vice President of the Student Representative Council at the University, I am aware of the University of Namibia Act 18 of 1992, wherein the Aims of the University are as follows: To provide higher education, to undertake research, to advance and disseminate knowledge, to provide extension services, to encourage the growth and nurturing of cultural expression within the context of the Namibian society, to further training and continuing education, to contribute to the social and economic development of Namibia and to foster relationships with any person or institution, both nationally and internationally.

Additionally, I am of the full conviction that because the University of Namibia is established by an Act of Parliament, it not only owes this House answers but surety that in its functions and operations, it is fully abiding by its Statutes and Regulations and the Constitution of the Republic of Namibia.

I thus ask:

- 1. Does the directive issued by the Pro-Vice Chancellor for Finance, Administration and Resource Mobilization at the University of Namibia align with the provisions outlined in the University of Namibia Act 18 of 1992?
- 2. How does the University of Namibia reconcile the directives restricting political activities on campus with the Constitutional guarantees of freedom of speech, expression, assembly, and association as enshrined in Article 21 of the Namibian Constitution?
- 3. Please furnish this House with the legal justification for prohibiting political campaigns, recruitments, or activities within the facilities and venues of the University, considering the constitutional freedoms afforded to all citizens?
- 4. What mechanisms are in place within the University of Namibia to ensure that its policies and directives comply with both its own statutes and regulations, as well as the Constitution of the Republic of Namibia?
- 5. How does the University of Namibia balance its responsibility to provide an environment conducive to exercise academic freedom and critical discourse

with the need to maintain neutrality in political matters, and without restricting or limiting political activities on Campus?

- 6. What consultations were undertaken by the University of Namibia prior to issuing directives regarding the restriction of political activities on campus?
- 7. Upon reflecting on these illegal and unconstitutional directives, when will the management withdraw them?

Ironically, the University of Namibia is listed as Registration Point F06046103 for the ongoing voter registration process. Does this mean that students and staff are deemed important solely during elections, while being stripped of the very rights preached in lecture halls? Is the University's mission truly to educate and encourage the youth to assert their fundamental rights, or is the institution cynically molding them into complacent voting pawns?

Question 46 (2024-06-05)

Hon. Mukwilongo (NEFF) asked the Minister of Agriculture, Water and Land Reform:

- 1. Honourable Minister, given the abundance of cattle in the Northern Communal Areas (NCA), why do shops in this region predominantly stock meat sourced from commercial farmers? What steps is the government taking to ensure that locally produced meat is made available to meet the consumption demands of the NCA populace?
- 2. Could you explain on any existing regulatory frameworks or policies that may hinder the distribution and sale of locally sourced meat from the Northern Communal Areas in shops within the region? How does the government plan to address these obstacles to promote local economic development and self sufficiency?
- 3. Honourable Minister, there have been reports of disparities in the pricing of meat sourced from commercial farms compared to locally produced meat within the Northern Communal Areas. How does the government plan to regulate pricing structures to ensure fair competition and equitable access to locally sourced meat for residents of the NCA?
- 4. What collaborative efforts are being made between the Ministry of Agriculture and regional authorities in the Northern Communal Areas to enhance local meat production, processing, and distribution networks? How can these initatives be further supported and strengthened to bolster food security and economic prosperity within the region?

Question 47 (2024-06-05)

Hon. Vries (PDM) asked the Minister of Environment, Forestry and Tourism:

The tourism industry is an important contributor to the generation of foreign exchange earnings, investments, revenue, employment, rural development, poverty reduction, and the growth of the country's economy. In the month of May 2024, Cabinet announced that

the Executive had approved the implementation of visa requirements for nationals from 31 countries that have not reciprocated Namibia's favourable treatment of their citizens. According to Cirrus Capital since 2015, over 70% of tourists who visited Namibian came from the countries affected by the revocation of visa-free entry.

I therefore wish to ask the Honourable Minister the following:

- 1. Explain to this August House how this visa requirement will negatively impact the tourism sector in our country?
- 2. Also share with us how this will impact the Namibian Economy?
- 3. How will your Ministry together with the government mitigate the negative impacts on the tourism sector and on the Namibian Economy?
- 4. Share with us how the news of the new visa requirement was received by the stakeholders in the tourism sector?

Question 48 (2024-06-11)

Hon. Katjimune (PDM) asked the Minister of Justice:

In the last five academic years, the School of Law at the University of Namibia (UNAM) has graduated roughly 200 Bachelor of Laws (LLB) graduates each year. This means that around 1000 students have graduated with LLB degrees from UNAM alone during the past five years. This number excludes those graduating from other institutions inside and outside Namibia.

I therefore ask the Honourable Minister:

- 1. Can the market sustain the number of graduates that enter the legal profession every year?
- 2. If not, what interventions is the Ministry going to undertake, in collaboration with higher education institutions, the regulator and the private sector to ensure that LLB graduates are able to be absorbed by the market?

Question 49 (2024-06-11)

Hon. Mootu (LPM) asked the Minister of Health and Social Services:

The Ministry of Finance allocated 450 million in the development budget that would primarily focus on the expansion of primary health care centers and clinics countrywide and improving the capacity of hospital services. However, irrespective of these financial commitments the conditions at the Katutura Intermediate Hospital is alarming and unacceptable. Over 60 mothers and their babies are forced to sleep on the floor, due to a shortage of beds, while another 50 patients are relegated to tents. The hospital is plagued by serve food shortages, frequent power cuts, and appalling unhygienic condition. These issues, confirmed by Health and Social Services Execute Director Ben Nangombe, leaves the nation to ponder in fear on the ability of the Ministry to improve health services in the country. I therefore shall ask the following:

- 1. What are the current efforts that the Ministry is doing to streamline, the logistical elements of the health sector to deal with the massive shortage of beds and medication in the interim, whilst new facilities are still to be constructed?
- 2. The reports on food shortage by patients should be a concern to the Ministry. Why hasn't the Ministry taken immediate action to terminate contracts with failing catering companies and ensure all patients receive adequate, nutritious meals?
- 3. The Hospitals unhygienic conditions are a breeding ground for further illness. Why has the Ministry allowed such degradation, what emergency interventions will be enacted to clean up and maintain sanitary conditions?
- 4. Has the Ministry engaged with 3rd party institutions to seek intermediate solutions for the winter period to assist with bedding as temperatures are predicted to drop?
- 5. Can the Minister provide the medical evidence, on what health advantages are linked to vulnerable mothers and new born babies sleeping on the floor? If they aren't any why expose patients to such inhumane conditions?

Question 50 (2024-06-11)

Hon. Van Den Heever (PDM) asked the Minister of Agriculture, Water and Land Reform:

Cabinet in July 2021 approved the abolishment of AGRIBUSDEV and the transfer of the current staff members of the Agronomic and Engineering Divisions under AGRIBUSDEV to the Divisions of the Directorate of Agriculture Production, Extension and Engineering Services. It is almost 4 years and there has been no proper communication to the staff members.

I therefore wish to ask the Honourable Minister the following:

- 1. The 30 staff members of the AGRIBUSDEV are in complete dark about their job descriptions and the way forward. Please share with this August House at what stage the integration process is and what are the shortcomings?
- 2. Was the intention to create a permanent structure communicated with the 30 AGRIBUSDEV staff members?
- 3. At present staff members do not provide support to Directorate of Extension and Engineering Services. Is the Minister aware that AGRIBUSDEV is still operating, despite not having Board of Directors?
- 4. Can you share the Attorney General's findings on the issue of AGRIBUSDEV with this August House?
- 5. As announced by His Excellency, President Nangolo Mbumba, Namibia currently experience severe drought and a critical food shortage. What is the current status of the Green Scheme Projects in terms of food production?

6. What is the status of outsourcing green scheme projects to private entities?

Question 51 (2024-06-11)

Hon. Tjirare (PDM) asked the Minister of Education, Arts and Culture:

Learners need to live and study in a safe and positive environment. The classroom environment, which can include factors such as the physical layout of the classroom, etc., can influence the learners' behavior and help enhance learning.

Creating a safe and positive environment for learners is therefore, important because it directly impacts all aspects of the learners' life, including their academic performance. A safe and positive classroom environment promotes better self-esteem among children, which according to scientific study, leads to higher academic achievement. The Minister is mandated by legislation to establish norms and standards for school infrastructure for schools and hostels which must be complied with by all schools.

I would therefore, like to ask the following:

Over the years, the Ministry has been receiving one of the biggest chunks of the national budget. A capital budget of N\$970 million was allocated to the Ministry of Education, Arts and Culture during the 2024/24 national budget, for the construction and renovation of classrooms and other school infrastructures. During one of our oversight visits to the regions, it was disappointing to witness a sad state of dilapidated classrooms and hostels, some without windows, learners using tables as beds etc. Who are the contractors? Should we asume they are in bridge of contract? They are evidently not delivering. What mechanisms are in place to monitor and evaluate the work of contractors entrusted with these renovation proejcts?

Question 52 (2024-06-11)

Hon. Mike Venaani (PDM) asked the Minister of Gender Equality, Poverty Eradication and Social Welfare:

The development of marginalised communities in Namibia is moving at a very slow pace. Marginalised communities such as the San, Ovatue and Ovatjimba continue to face many challenges such as extreme poverty, no housing, unemployment and the abuse of their basic human rights. According to the Deputy Minister of Marginalised Communities, 68% of marginalised communities in Namibia live in poverty and 77% face unemployment.

I therefore wish to ask the Honourable Minister the following:

- 1. What development and empowerment programmes does your Ministry currently have in place and how have these programmes practically changed the lives of the marginalised communities?
- 2. What monitoring and evaluation tools are in place to ensure that these programmes are effective in reality?
- 3. Marginalised communities experience problems like child marriages, child labour, sexual abuse, and illegal adoption. Share with this August House the

number of such incidents reported to your Ministry and also inform us what the Ministry is doing to prevent such incidents?

- 4. Many of the marginalised communities do not have national documents. What is being done to address this?
- 5. What are the challenges the Ministry experiences in addressing the needs of the marginalised communities?

Question 53 (2024-06-13)

Hon. Vries (PDM) asked the Minister of Agriculture, Water and Land Reform:

The Ministry of Agriculture, Water and Land Reform embarked on a journey of bringing Veterinary Services to Tses and its surrounding villages and settlements in the //Kharas Region. This intervention was started about ten (10) years ago where the Directorate of Veterinary Services started constructing the infrastructure in Tses. The construction was close to completion, but however came to an abrupt standstill and the infrastructure continues to be vandalized.

I therefore wish to ask the Honourable Minister the following:

- 1. Why could the construction not be completed?
- 2. Who was the contractor?
- 3. What were the financial implications on the current incomplete infrastructure and share with us how much in funding remains to be utilised?
- 4. When is the construction of the infrastructure expected to resume?
- 5. Why can't the Ministry deploy security guards to protect the infrastructure from vandalism?

Question 54 (2024-06-13)

Hon. Mike Venaani (PDM) asked the Minister of Fisheries and Marine Resoruces:

In the year 2020, the Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources, in collaboration with the Ministry of Labour, Industrial Relations and Employment Creation, launched the Government Employment Redress Programme aimed at addressing unemployment among fishermen at Walvis Bay. However, the programme continues to fail in achieving its objective, with the Minister of Fisheries and Marine Resources recently saying that the challenges experienced by the programme is influenced by personal agendas and politics.

I therefore wish to ask the Honourable Minister the following:

1. Why is it so difficult for the Government Employment Redress Programme to meet the demands and plight of the fishermen?

- 2. Honourable Minister, you recently outlined that the programme is not sustainable. Therefore, inform this August House on the way forward of this programme and also share with us the existing challenges and how these are being addressed?
- 3. As a monitoring and evaluation tool, both Ministries carried out joint employment verifications. What were the outcomes of this exercise and how are they being addressed?
- 4. What obstructs the allocation of sufficient quotas to sustain the fishing operations of the companies that employ the fishermen?